HMSC Tsunami Options Quest

Established: 2016 by 7th graders at Newport Middle School

Revised and Renamed: 2021 by Oregon Sea Grant

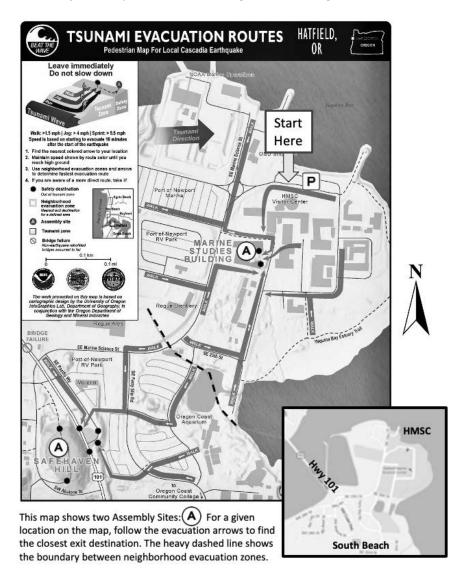
Box Monitor: HMSC Volunteer Julie Bourgeois

If the Oregon Coast experiences a large earthquake, a tsunami will reach low-lying areas within minutes. Therefore, it is important that coastal visitors and residents know what to do to stay safe. This Quest is a fun way to learn about some of the evacuation options in South Beach, and to practice walking two different evacuation routes from the Hatfield Marine Science Center (HMSC). The more you know about your options, the better prepared you will be to make decisions during an emergency.

This Quest covers about one mile over what is mostly a paved and level path, and it ends with a short but steep uphill hike on a gravel trail.



Use this Beat the Wave map from oregontsunami.org to help you solve the Quest. Follow the directions and collect the letter clues to fill the numbered squares on the last page of this Quest. The message you complete will help you find the hidden Quest box. NOTE: A full color version of this map is available at oregontsunami.org.



Quest Partners

Newport Middle School

Oregon Sea Grant

In a real emergency, you would want to evacuate very quickly, and when you get to high ground you should stay there. However, when you are doing this Quest, you can take time to explore, search for clues, discuss ideas, and learn about safety. Plan at least 60 minutes to complete your round-trip walk.

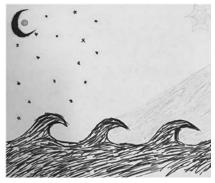
This Quest begins outside the public entrance to the Visitor Center at the Hatfield Marine Science Center (HMSC). From Newport, drive south on Hwy 101, cross the Yaquina Bay Bridge, get off at the first exit after the bridge, and follow the signs to the HMSC main entrance. Park in the main parking area and start reading the directions at the big orange and black sign in front of the Visitor Center that says, "Hatfield Marine Science Center."

Let's begin!

If a big earthquake offshore Caused the ground to shake. Tsunami waves would follow. What steps should you take?

Escape the coming wave! This Quest will do its utmost To share what we can do To stay safe on the coast.

Earthquakes and tsunamis, In Japan, are not a mystery. Events in recent times Reflect a seismic history.



Did You Know? The word tsunami means "harbor wave" in Japanese (tsu=harbor + nami=wave). Which letter appears to be silent in the word "tsunami"? Write that letter in <u>square #1</u>.

Did You Know?

In 2011, an earthquake off the coast of Japan generated a tsunami that flooded coastal areas and washed many structures out into the ocean. One dislodged dock washed up over a year later on the Oregon coast, and part of it stands here on display next to the big yellow buoy near the building. Walk to the dock piece now. Search around the base Of this well-traveled dock. <u>Clue 2</u> is in a square Painted low on the block.

Next, walk out on the lawn. Think about the steps you'd take If you were inside this building During a big earthquake.

Step One is to DROP. Get down before you fall! Crouch low, on your knees. Poised as if to crawl.

Step Two is to COVER. Shield your head with your arm. If indoors, use a table To protect yourself from harm. Step Three is to HOLD ON 'Til the shaking starts to slow. As soon as you are able, Decide where you will go.

A tsunami will follow a quake! That means, at low elevations We will need to get to high ground. Let's explore some destinations.

Now return to the sign Where you started this Quest, Then beyond to the flagpole A bit farther west.

There's a letter left for you At the base of the pole. Write it in <u>square 3</u>. Now you're on a roll!



Did You Know?

After a coastal earthquake, low-lying areas like where you are standing now can expect to see flooding within minutes. As soon as the shaking stops, you should EVACUATE to high ground immediately. Do not delay. Do not wait for officials to tell you to evacuate; just go. The first wave could arrive at Hatfield Marine Science Center in 15 minutes, so knowing in advance what to do, what to look for, and where to go saves precious time.

Did You Know?

From where you are standing, the roof of the Gladys Valley Marine Studies Building is the closest high ground to which you could evacuate for safety after an earthquake because this building was built as a Vertical Evacuation Structure (V.E.S.) The building has been designed to withstand a 9+ earthquake and a large (XXL) tsunami event, and the roof stands at a height of 47 feet – well above the worst-case tsunami. This building is the ONLY tsunami Vertical Evacuation Structure in the state of Oregon.

Turn left, which is south. Peer over the rooftop. The tall building beyond Will be our next stop.

Follow the pavement south Between the buildings squat. Soon you'll find yourself At a big new parking lot.

Ahead see the tall building Just built at HMSC. It has special features Find out what those might be.

It's built tall and strong. Safety it does address. It's a Vertical Evacuation Structure. Also called a "V.E.S."

See the sign on the building Sticking out, way up high? Go over; look more closely. What do the pictures imply?

Two bright contrasting colors Comprise the sign up there. The letter ending them both Goes in the <u>clue 4 square</u>.

Continue south to the east entrance. Stay outside on ground level today. See big words on the building. What do these words say?



Did You Know?

This sign is unique to a V.E.S. It shows people escaping a tsunami wave by running toward a building. The image of the person in the wheelchair indicates that this evacuation option accommodates all mobility levels. **POP QUIZ:** Is it generally a good idea to run into a tall building to protect yourself from a tsunami?

Answer: NO! The ONLY building for which this behavior may be advisable is the Gladys Valley Marine Studies Building at Hatfield Marine Science Center. This \$61.7 million building was specifically designed as a Vertical Evacuation Structure (V.E.S.) Any other building on the coast could be dangerous to enter after a severe earthquake, and would NOT be likely to survive impacts from tsunami waves.

The name of this building Is on the wall's face. Put the third letter of the fourth word In the <u>clue 5 space</u>.

One option to ascend To the rooftop so high Is the giant, wide ramp. It's not difficult to spy!

Today we will keep on walking To another evacuation site. We're just exploring our options. Each provides the needed height.

At the ramp's bottom corner Turn right to start your way Toward "Safe Haven Hill" Near the bridge over the bay.

What direction are you headed? Have you already guessed? <u>Clue #6</u> is the third letter Of the direction known as _____



Did You Know?

Tsunami waves can come ashore for many hours after the initial event, and subsequent waves can be bigger than the first. When you reach high ground, plan to stay there at least overnight. The Gladys Valley Marine Studies Building rooftop is designed to serve as an emergency assembly site for more than 920 people for up to two days after an earthquake.

Did You Know?

"Safe Haven Hill" is the closest natural area of high ground to which you could evacuate for safety after an earthquake. This small hill is located at the base of the Yaquina Bridge, about ½ mile away. The land is considered to be high enough to be out of the tsunami inundation zone.

Go 'round the building clockwise Turn left out of the lot. Cross the road using the crosswalk Toward a rock in a "middling" spot.

Turn left again and walk south. Pass a big anchor on your right. Continue south on the path. Soon yellow signs come into sight.

Nearby a tall lamppost Has not one lamp, but two. The second letter of its color Is your <u>7th clue</u>.

How hard would it be to evacuate In the middle of the night? After a big earthquake Would these lamps still shine light?

Once done with your musings, Continue on your walk. Follow the path until you reach Another 'middling' rock.



Did You Know?

At this location, you are about halfway between the V.E.S. building and Safe Haven Hill. Up until now, your closest evacuation site was the building behind you. As you continue on your Quest, your closest evacuation site will be the hill ahead of you.

Before crossing the drive In the crosswalk Find <u>clue 8</u> on your right On one of three rocks.

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Did You Know?

From where you are standing, you can see the high ground that is your destination; it is covered by tall evergreen trees. The last letter of the second word in the hill's name is <u>clue #9</u>.

Carefully cross the driveway To another upright rock. Turn your gaze to the south. It's time to take stock.

How many ways can you reach Safe Haven Hill from here? Again, know your options In case routes are not clear.

(Also a third, further option Would be to head to OCCC. Since it's a mile to the south Moving fast would be key.)

Now walk to the bridge. It was built in '36. It would collapse after a big quake And would not be easy to fix.

After passing a green hut The path splits in two. Go to the left and spy A sign white and blue.



This evacuation sign Has a shape that is round. Its arrow points left. Follow it toward high ground.

Parallel to the bridge Cross the roads carefully. Pass three middling rocks more And soon you will see...

...Where the bridge meets the road Concrete stairs show the way. They're an option to reach high ground But DON'T take these steps today!

Did You Know?

After an earthquake, these stairs might help you reach high ground. However, since we are practicing evacuation today, we will NOT go up the stairs because they lead to a busy highway and it is unsafe to walk across highway traffic. Instead, follow the path UNDER the bridge. Follow the path UNDER the bridge To another concrete stair. An arrow on a pillar Points to <u>clue 10</u> painted there.

Don't take these stairs; instead Walk toward the trees until You spy a zig-zag trail That leads to the top of the hill.

Follow the wooden rail Up, up, up to higher ground. When you reach the top Many treasures can be found.

This big gathering space Has many signs to view. Behind one of them Hides your <u>number 11 clue</u>.

A large container holds Emergency supplies. Once you're on high ground Staying here would be wise.

Did You Know?

Oregon Coast Community College (OCCC) is another tsunami evacuation option. It's farther away than Safe Haven Hill, but the area of high ground is larger and higher.

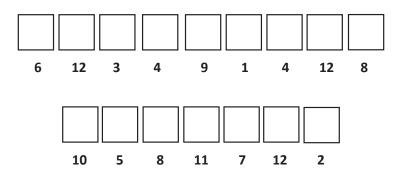
Geologists have said That this hill will be stable. Find your 12th Quest clue Painted on a picnic table.

You have all your letters now. What do the words spell? How is this significant? (One of the signs will tell).

To finish your Quest, go back To the top of the zig-zag trail. Lift that which matches your message. You'll find the box without fail!



Fill in the boxes with the answers to the clues to solve the Quest.



When you've found the Quest Box, sign your name and stamp the back of your book to mark your accomplishment. Don't forget to seal the box tightly and return it to its hiding place for the next person to find!

For more information about tsunami safety on the coast visit **www.oregontsunami.org.**

If you enjoyed this Quest, check out The Oregon Coast Quest Book 2023-24 Edition, which contains maps and directions for this Quest and 29 other clue-directed hunts across seven counties. For more information and to find a bookseller, visit seagrant.oregonstate.edu/quests.